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Attorney Docket No. SUN-P4061-JTF



IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UTILITY PATENT  
APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL LETTER



Asst. Commissioner for Patents  
Box Patent Application  
Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

Enclosed for filing is an ☒ original patent application or, ☐ a continuation-in-part patent application, by inventor(s) William H. Connor, entitled METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR CONCURRENCY CONTROL IN A POLICY-BASED MANAGEMENT SYSTEM.

No. of pages in Specification: 18; No. of Claims: 26.

No. of Sheets of Drawings:      Formal: 4,      Informal: 0.

Also enclosed are:

- ☐ a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and/or 365 in
- ☐ a separate document ☐ the declaration;
- ☐ a certified copy of the priority document;
- ☐ an Associate Power of Attorney;
- ☐ \_\_\_ verified statement(s) claiming small entity status;
- ☒ a Combined Declaration and Power of Attorney of the inventors(s);
- ☐ a signed Combined Declaration and Power of Attorney of the inventors will follow;
- ☒ an Assignment document and form PTO-1595;
- ☐ a Power of Attorney by Assignee; and
- ☐ Information Disclosure Statement and Form PTO-1449.

The fee has been calculated as follows:

CLAIMS					
	NO. OF CLAIMS		EXTRA CLAIMS	RATE	FEE
Basic Application Fee					\$690.00
Total Claims	26	MINUS 20 =	6	\$18.00=	\$108.00
Independent Claims	3	MINUS 3 =	0	\$78.00=	\$0.00
If multiple dependent claims are presented, add \$260.00					0
Total Application Fee					\$798.00
If verified statement claiming small entity status is enclosed, subtract 50% of Total Application Fee					
Add Recording Fee of \$40.00 if Assignment document is enclosed					\$40.00
<b>TOTAL APPLICATION FEE DUE</b>					<b>\$838.00</b>

- ☒ A check in the amount of \$ 838.00 is enclosed.
- ☐ Application fee will follow with missing parts.
- ☒ Please deduct any underpayments or credit any overpayments to Deposit Account Number 50-1003.

Please direct all correspondence concerning the above-identified application to the following address:

A. Richard Park  
Park & Vaughan LLP  
508 Second Street, Suite 201  
Davis, CA 95616  
(530) 759-1661



**22835**

PATENT TRADEMARK OFFICE

Respectfully submitted,

By

A. Richard Park  
Registration No. 41,241

Date: January 21, 2000

PATENT APPLICATION  
ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. SUN-P4061-JTF

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METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR  
10 CONCURRENCY CONTROL IN A POLICY-  
BASED MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

15

Inventor: William H. Connor

Related Application

This application hereby claims priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 to  
Provisional Patent Application No. 60/165,552 filed on November 15, 1999.

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BACKGROUND

Field of the Invention

25 The present invention relates to managing resources in a distributed  
computing system. More specifically, the present invention relates to a method  
and an apparatus for providing concurrency control between policies in a policy-  
based management system, wherein the concurrency control is accomplished  
through locking of resources and/or controllers for resources in a distributed  
computing system.

30

## Related Art

Automated management systems are increasingly being used to control the actions of resources within distributed computing systems. Some of these automated management systems are policy-based, which means they

5 automatically enforce a policy that is specified by one or more rules. For example, a policy can specify that a distributed storage system should maintain a reserve of 30% in extra storage capacity. In enforcing the policy, the system continually monitors its reserve of extra storage capacity. If additional storage capacity gets depleted, or if one or more storage devices fail, the system

10 automatically takes action to bring additional storage devices on line.

In some situations, two or more management policies may attempt to manage the same resource at the same time. The resulting concurrent management can result in inconsistent or ineffective management of the resource. For example, a policy that attempts to ensure that all requests to a service are

15 processed within a fixed amount of time can conflict with a policy that attempts to ensure that priority requests are processed first. In this case, if there are too many priority requests, some non-priority requests may not be processed within the fixed amount of time.

Conflicting policies can cause instability in the system because as the

20 policies conflict with each other, none of the policies accomplishes its objectives. This can cause each of the policies to increase their inputs into the system in an effort to accomplish their conflicting objectives. These increased inputs (that are likely to conflict) can result in unstable behavior.

Conflicting policies can also cause resources to be inconsistent. For

25 example, a first policy may cause routers in a system to be configured to maximize bandwidth of the system, while a conflicting second policy may cause routers to be configured to maximize reliability of the system. In this case, the

first policy may cause some of the routers to be configured to maximize bandwidth, while the second policy causes other routers to be inconsistently configured to maximize reliability. This inconsistency may cause both policies to fail.

5           Some systems attempt to detect conflicts between policies “up front,” before the policies are actually deployed. Unfortunately, this up front analysis cannot simulate all of the possible ways in which conflicts can arise between policies. Hence, the resulting analysis may be overly conservative, because the analysis may detect potential conflicts that do not actually occur during normal  
10       system operation. On the other hand, the resulting analysis may ignore conflicts that appear to be improbable, but that actually occur during system operation.

          What is needed is a method and an apparatus that facilitates coordination of potentially conflicting policies for managing resources in a distributed computing system.

15

## SUMMARY

          One embodiment of the present invention provides a system that facilitates concurrency control for a policy-based management system that controls resources in a distributed computing system. The system operates by receiving a request to  
20       perform an operation on a lockable resource from a controller in the distributed computing system. This controller sends the request in order to enforce a first policy for controlling resources in the distributed computing system. In response the request, the system determines whether the controller holds a lock on the lockable resource. If so, the system allows the controller to execute the operation  
25       on the lockable resource. If not, the system allows the controller to acquire the lock. If the controller is able to acquire the lock, the system allows the controller to execute the operation on the lockable resource.

In one embodiment of the present invention, locks held by a controller expire after a pre-specified lease period, unless the lease is renewed within the pre-specified lease period.

5 In one embodiment of the present invention, the first policy is configured to command resources in the distributed computing system to perform actions so that the distributed computing system operates in accordance with a rule that is enforced by the first policy. Note that this rule governs behavior of resources within the distributed computing system.

10 In one embodiment of the present invention, the system throws an exception if the controller does not hold a lock on the lockable resource and if the controller does not acquire a lock.

In one embodiment of the present invention, the lockable resource includes a resource within the distributed computing system.

15 In one embodiment of the present invention, the lockable resource is itself a second policy for controlling resources in the distributed computing system.

In one embodiment of the present invention, the controller includes a client in the distributed computing system.

In one embodiment of the present invention, the controller includes the first policy for controlling resources in the distributed computing system.

20 In one embodiment of the present invention, the controller includes a higher-level policy for controlling resources in the distributed computing system, and the lockable resource includes a lower-level policy for controlling resources in the distributed computing system.

25 In one embodiment of the present invention, the controller acquires a lock from a lockable resource that allocates locks to controllers.

In one embodiment of the present invention, the lockable resource presents one or more independent locks providing access to independent sub-units of the resource.

5

## **BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE FIGURES**

FIG. 1 illustrates a distributed computing system in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 2 illustrates the distributed computing system of FIG. 1 in more detail in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention.

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FIG. 3 illustrates the interplay between a controller, a lock and a controller service in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 4 is a flow chart illustrating how a controller is registered and renewed in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention.

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FIG. 5 is a flow chart illustrating how a request to access a lockable resource is processed in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention.

## **DETAILED DESCRIPTION**

The following description is presented to enable any person skilled in the art to make and use the invention, and is provided in the context of a particular application and its requirements. Various modifications to the disclosed embodiments will be readily apparent to those skilled in the art, and the general principles defined herein may be applied to other embodiments and applications without departing from the spirit and scope of the present invention. Thus, the present invention is not intended to be limited to the embodiments shown, but is to be accorded the widest scope consistent with the principles and features disclosed herein.

20

25

The data structures and code described in this detailed description are typically stored on a computer readable storage medium, which may be any device or medium that can store code and/or data for use by a computer system. This includes, but is not limited to, magnetic and optical storage devices such as disk drives, magnetic tape, CDs (compact discs) and DVDs (digital video discs), and computer instruction signals embodied in a transmission medium (with or without a carrier wave upon which the signals are modulated). For example, the transmission medium may include a communications network, such as the Internet.

### **Distributed Computing System**

FIG. 1 illustrates a distributed computing system in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention. Distributed computing system 100 includes client 102, which communicates with policies 104 and 110. Note that policy 104 is a higher-level policy that communicates with lower-level policies 106 and 108. Policies 106, 108 and 110 in turn communicate with managed resources 112 and 114. Client 102 can include any type of entity that locates and communicates with management services. For example, client 102 can include a human user, a user interface for an administrative user, a client computing system that requests computational and/or data storage resources from a server computer system, or a control program.

In one embodiment of the present invention, policies 104, 106, 108 and 110 assume the form of software components that allow a resource or a policy to be managed at an increased level of abstraction. A policy typically enforces a set of one or more rules that are associated with the policy. Note that rules may be expressed using a number of different means, including through graphical interfaces, through languages such as the JAVA<sup>TM</sup> programming language, and



through natural languages (such as English). (Java is a registered trademark of SUN Microsystems, Inc. of Palo Alto, California.)

A policy may control managed resources of the distributed computing system 100, such as managed resources 112 and 114. A policy may also control  
5 other policies. For example, in FIG. 1 policy 104 is a higher-level policy that controls lower-level policies 106 and 108. In this case, higher-level policy 104 may enforce a rule that specifies a distributed storage system should maintain a reserve of 30% in extra storage capacity. This higher-level policy 104 may control a lower-level policy 106 that enforces a rule that if a storage device fails a  
10 purchase order is generated for a replacement storage device.

Once a policy is implemented as a software component, the software component is typically configured to automatically monitor the system, and to take actions to enforce the policy without a human being or higher-level program being involved in the enforcement process.

15 Managed resources 112 and 114 may include entities such as devices, appliances, systems and applications that are managed by “controllers” within distributed computing system 100. Note that a number of standards are emerging for communicating with managed resources, such as the Web Based Enterprise Management (WBEM) standard.

20 The term “controller” as used in the application can refer to any entity that can control a “lockable resource.” For example, a controller can include a client, such as client 102 or a policy, such as policies 104, 106, 108 and 110.

The term “lockable resource” as used in this application can refer to any resource that can be locked by a controller. For example, a lockable resource can  
25 include a managed resource, such as managed resources 112 and 114, as well as a policy, such as policies 104, 106, 108 and 110. Lockable resources may present one or more exclusive locks. For example, a storage device may include a lock

for controlling the cooling of a power supply for the storage device, as well as a lock for processing requests to the storage device.

FIG. 2 illustrates distributed computing system 100 from FIG. 1 in more detail in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention. In this  
5 embodiment, client 102 and policies 104, 106, 108, and 110 contain controllers 202, 204, 206, 208 and 210, respectively. Controllers 202, 204, 206, 208 and 210 can control lockable resources.

Lockable resources, such as policies and managed resources, present one or more exclusive locks that may be held by a controller. More specifically,  
10 policy 104 presents locks 221 and 222. Policy 106 presents locks 223 and 224. Policy 108 presents lock 225. Policy 110 presents locks 226 and 227. Managed resource 112 presents locks 228 and 229. Finally, managed resource 114 presents locks 230, 231 and 232.

In this embodiment of the present invention, each lock may only be held  
15 by a single controller at the same time. This prevents conflicting controllers from controlling critical sections of the same lockable resource at the same time. In FIG. 2, client 102 holds locks on policy 104 and policy 110; policy 104 holds locks on policies 106 and 108; policy 106 holds a lock on managed resource 112; and policy 108 holds a lock on managed resource 114.

20 Note that lock 228 held by policy 106 precludes policy 108 from holding lock 228. Also note that lock 231 held by policy 108 precludes policies 106 and 110 from holding lock 231.

### **Controller**

25 FIG. 3 illustrates the interplay between controller 302, lock 308 and controller service 320 in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention. As mentioned above, controller 302 can include any entity that can control a

lockable resource. To facilitate the locking process, controller 302 registers with controller service 320 to receive controller ID 304 and lease object 306.

In one embodiment of the present invention, controllers do not release locks that they have acquired. Controllers that wish to change their set of locks do so by canceling themselves with controller service 320, and then re-registering (as effectively a new controller).

Controller ID 304 is used to uniquely identify controller 302. While invoking operations on lockable resources, controller 302 passes controller ID 304 to the lockable resources. In one embodiment of the present invention, controller ID 304 is passed implicitly rather than explicitly as an argument.

Lease object 306 facilitates detecting the unexpected loss of controller 302, thereby allowing stale locks to be released. In one embodiment of the present invention, controller ID 304 is "leased" to controller 302 for a time period of limited duration. Controller 302 periodically renews the lease with controller service 320 to maintain control over the locks. Failure to renew the lease is interpreted by controller service 320 as an unexpected loss of controller 302. Alternatively, controller 302 can cancel the lease to indicate that the controller 302 no longer holds the lock 308, or any other locks previously held by controller 302. In either case (failure to renew or cancellation), lock 308 is no longer considered to be owned by the controller 302.

The system uses controller service 320 to manage controllers. This allows the system to tolerate certain partial failures, such as the loss of a controller. Controller service 320 maintains a table 322 of controller ID/lease object pairs that have been issued to registered controllers. More specifically, table 322 contains entries for, controller ID 304 and associated lease object 306, controller ID 312 and associated lease object 314, as well as controller ID 316 and

associated lease object 318. Note that a controller that cancels or fails to renew a lease will have its corresponding record in controller service 320 removed.

#### **Process of Registering a Controller**

5           FIG. 4 is a flow chart illustrating how a controller is registered and renewed in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention. The system starts at step 400. Controller 302 registers with controller service 320 (step 402). Controller service 320 makes an entry in table 322 for controller ID 304 and lease object 306, and then returns controller ID 304 and lease object 306 to controller  
10   302 (step 404). Controller 302 periodically renews lease object 306 (step 406). In one embodiment of the present invention, this is accomplished by activating lease object 306, which causes lease object 306 to contact controller service 320 in order to renew the lease (step 408). The system then ends at step 410.

#### **Process of Accessing a Lockable Resource**

15           FIG. 5 is a flow chart illustrating how a request to access a lockable resource is processed in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention. The system starts at step 500. The system first receives a request from controller 302 to perform an operation on a lockable resource (step 502). In one  
20   embodiment of the present invention, controller ID 304 is implicitly passed along with the request. In response to the request, the system determines if controller 302 holds a lock on the lockable resource (step 504). This entails comparing the implicitly passed controller ID 304 with the controller ID 304 that is stored within lock 308. If controller 302 has a lock on the lockable resource, the system allows  
25   controller 302 to perform the requested operation on the lockable resource (step 510).

If controller 302 does not have a lock on the lockable resource, the system queries controller service 320 to determine if the current lock holder is still valid (step 506). If the current lock holder is still valid, controller 302 is not able to proceed with its access to the lockable resource. Consequently, the system throws  
5 an exception (step 512). This completes the process (step 514).

If the current lock holder is not valid, the system causes controller 302 to be noted as the lock owner (step 508). Next, the system allows controller 302 to perform the requested operation on the lockable resource (step 510). This  
10 completes the process (step 514).

The foregoing descriptions of embodiments of the invention have been presented for purposes of illustration and description only. They are not intended to be exhaustive or to limit the invention to the forms disclosed. Accordingly, many modifications and variations will be apparent to practitioners skilled in the  
15 art. Additionally, the above disclosure is not intended to limit the invention. The scope of the invention is defined by the appended claims.

**What Is Claimed Is:**

1           1.       A method for providing concurrency control for a policy-based  
2 management system that controls resources in a distributed computing system, the  
3 method comprising:  
4           receiving a request to perform an operation on a lockable resource from a  
5 controller in the distributed computing system;  
6           wherein the controller sends the request in order to enforce a first policy  
7 for controlling resources in the distributed computing system;  
8           determining whether the controller holds a lock on the lockable resource;  
9           allowing the controller to execute the operation on the lockable resource if  
10 the controller holds the lock on the lockable resource;  
11           allowing the controller to acquire the lock if the controller does not hold  
12 the lock on the lockable resource; and  
13           allowing the controller to execute the operation on the lockable resource if  
14 the controller acquires the lock.

1           2.       The method of claim 1, wherein the first policy is configured to  
2 command resources in the distributed computing system to perform actions so that  
3 the distributed computing system operates in accordance with a rule that is  
4 enforced by the first policy, wherein the rule governs behavior of resources within  
5 the distributed computing system.

1           3.       The method of claim 1, further comprising throwing an exception  
2 if the controller does not hold the lock on the lockable resource and if the  
3 controller does not acquire the lock.

1           4.       The method of claim 1, wherein the lock held on the lockable  
2 resource expires after a pre-specified lease period, unless the lease is renewed  
3 within the pre-specified lease period.

1           5.       The method of claim 1, wherein the lockable resource includes a  
2 resource within the distributed computing system.

1           6.       The method of claim 1, wherein the lockable resource includes a  
2 second policy for controlling resources in the distributed computing system.

1           7.       The method of claim 1, wherein the controller includes a client in  
2 the distributed computing system.

1           8.       The method of claim 1, wherein the controller includes the first  
2 policy for controlling resources in the distributed computing system.

1           9.       The method of claim 1, wherein the controller includes a higher-  
2 level policy for controlling resources in the distributed computing system, and  
3 wherein the lockable resource includes a lower-level policy for controlling  
4 resources in the distributed computing system.

1           10.      The method of claim 1, wherein allowing the controller to acquire  
2 the lock includes allowing the controller to acquire the lock from a resource that  
3 allocates locks to controllers.

1           11.     The method of claim 1, wherein the lockable resource presents one  
2 or more independent locks providing access to independent sub-units of the  
3 resource.

1           12.     A computer-readable storage medium storing instructions that  
2 when executed by a computer cause the computer to perform a method for  
3 providing concurrency control for a policy-based management system that  
4 controls resources in a distributed computing system, the method comprising:  
5           receiving a request to perform an operation on a lockable resource from a  
6 controller in the distributed computing system;  
7           wherein the controller sends the request in order to enforce a first policy  
8 for controlling resources in the distributed computing system;  
9           determining whether the controller holds a lock on the lockable resource;  
10          allowing the controller to execute the operation on the lockable resource if  
11 the controller holds the lock on the lockable resource;  
12          allowing the controller to acquire the lock if the controller does not hold  
13 the lock on the lockable resource; and  
14          allowing the controller to execute the operation on the lockable resource if  
15 the controller acquires the lock.

1           13.     The computer-readable storage medium of claim 12, wherein the  
2 first policy is configured to command resources in the distributed computing  
3 system to perform actions so that the distributed computing system operates in  
4 accordance with a rule that is enforced by the first policy, wherein the rule  
5 governs behavior of resources within the distributed computing system.



1           14.     The computer-readable storage medium of claim 12, wherein the  
2 method further comprises throwing an exception if the controller does not hold  
3 the lock on the lockable resource and if the controller does not acquire the lock.

1           15.     The computer-readable storage medium of claim 12, wherein locks  
2 held by the controller expire after a pre-specified lease period, unless the lease is  
3 renewed within the pre-specified lease period.

1           16.     An apparatus that provides concurrency control within a policy-  
2 based management system that controls resources in a distributed computing  
3 system, the apparatus comprising:  
4           a receiving mechanism that receives a request to perform an operation on a  
5 lockable resource from a controller in the distributed computing system;  
6           wherein the controller sends the request in order to enforce a first policy  
7 for controlling resources in the distributed computing system;  
8           a determining mechanism that determines whether the controller holds a  
9 lock on the lockable resource;  
10          an execution mechanism that is configured to,  
11                  allow the controller to acquire the lock if the controller  
12                  does not hold the lock on the lockable resource, and to  
13                  allow the controller to execute the operation on the lockable  
14                  resource if the controller holds the lock on the lockable resource.

1           17.     The apparatus of claim 16, wherein the first policy is configured to  
2 command resources in the distributed computing system to perform actions so that  
3 the distributed computing system operates in accordance with a rule that is



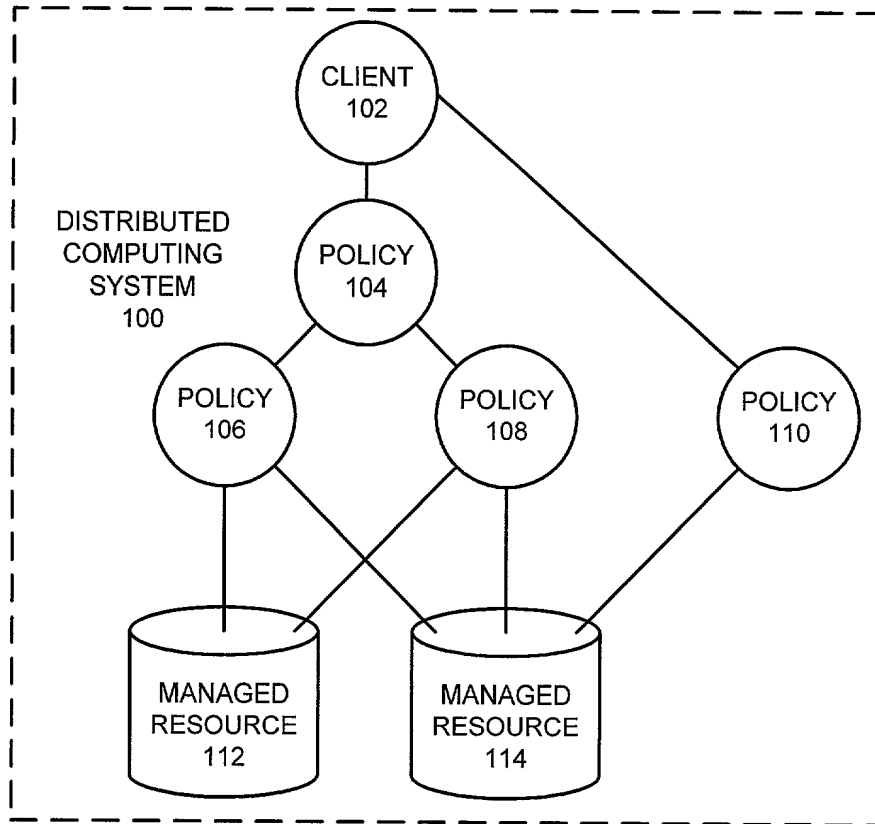
1           25.     The apparatus of claim 16, wherein the execution mechanism is  
2     configured to allow the controller to acquire the lock from a resource that  
3     allocates locks to controllers.

1           26.     The apparatus of claim 16, wherein the lockable resource presents  
2     one or more independent locks providing access to independent sub-units of the  
3     resource.

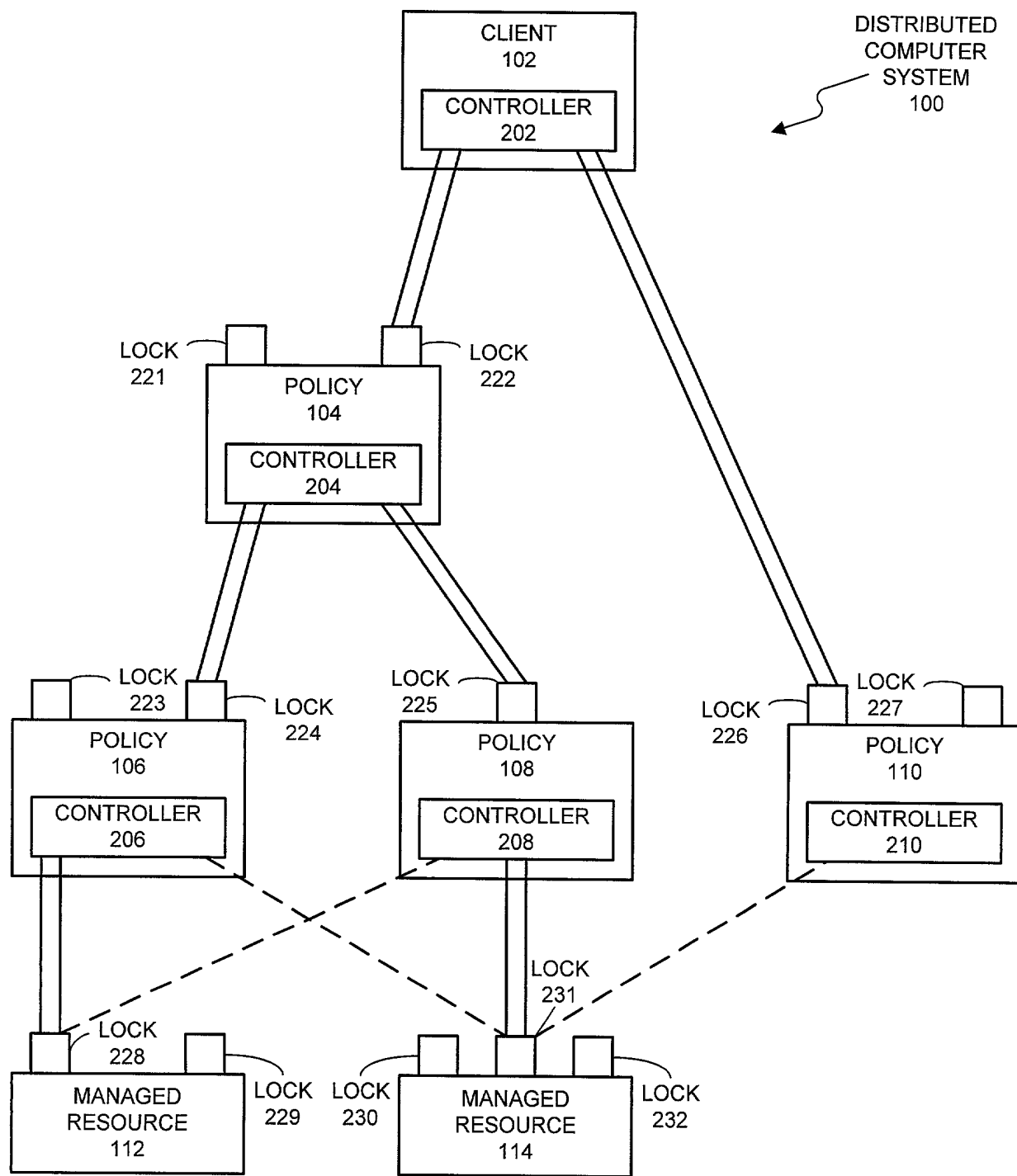
# **METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR CONCURRENCY CONTROL IN A POLICY- BASED MANAGEMENT SYSTEM**

## **ABSTRACT**

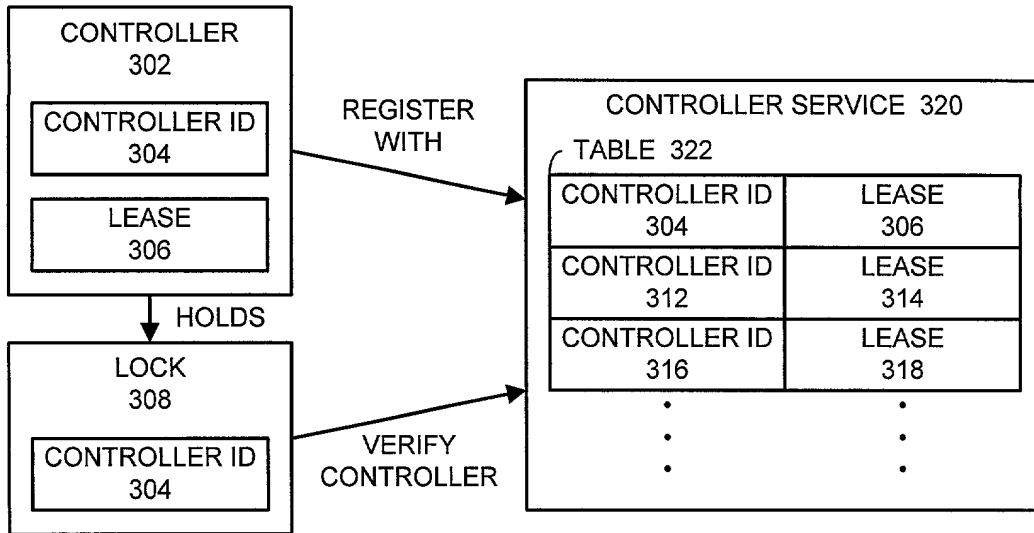
A system that facilitates concurrency control for a policy-based management system that controls resources in a distributed computing system. The system operates by receiving a request to perform an operation on a lockable resource from a controller in the distributed computing system. This controller sends the request in order to enforce a first policy for controlling resources in the distributed computing system. In response the request, the system determines whether the controller holds a lock on the lockable resource. If so, the system allows the controller to execute the operation on the lockable resource. If not, the system allows the controller an opportunity to acquire the lock. If the controller is able to acquire the lock, the system allows the controller to execute the operation on the lockable resource.



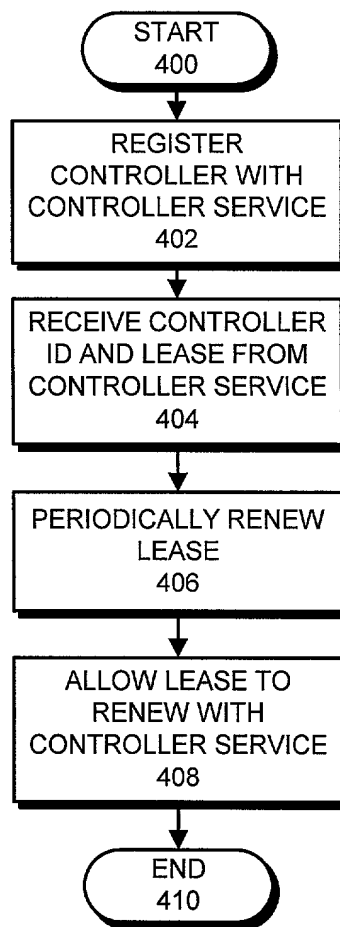
**FIG. 1**



**FIG. 2**



**FIG. 3**



**FIG. 4**

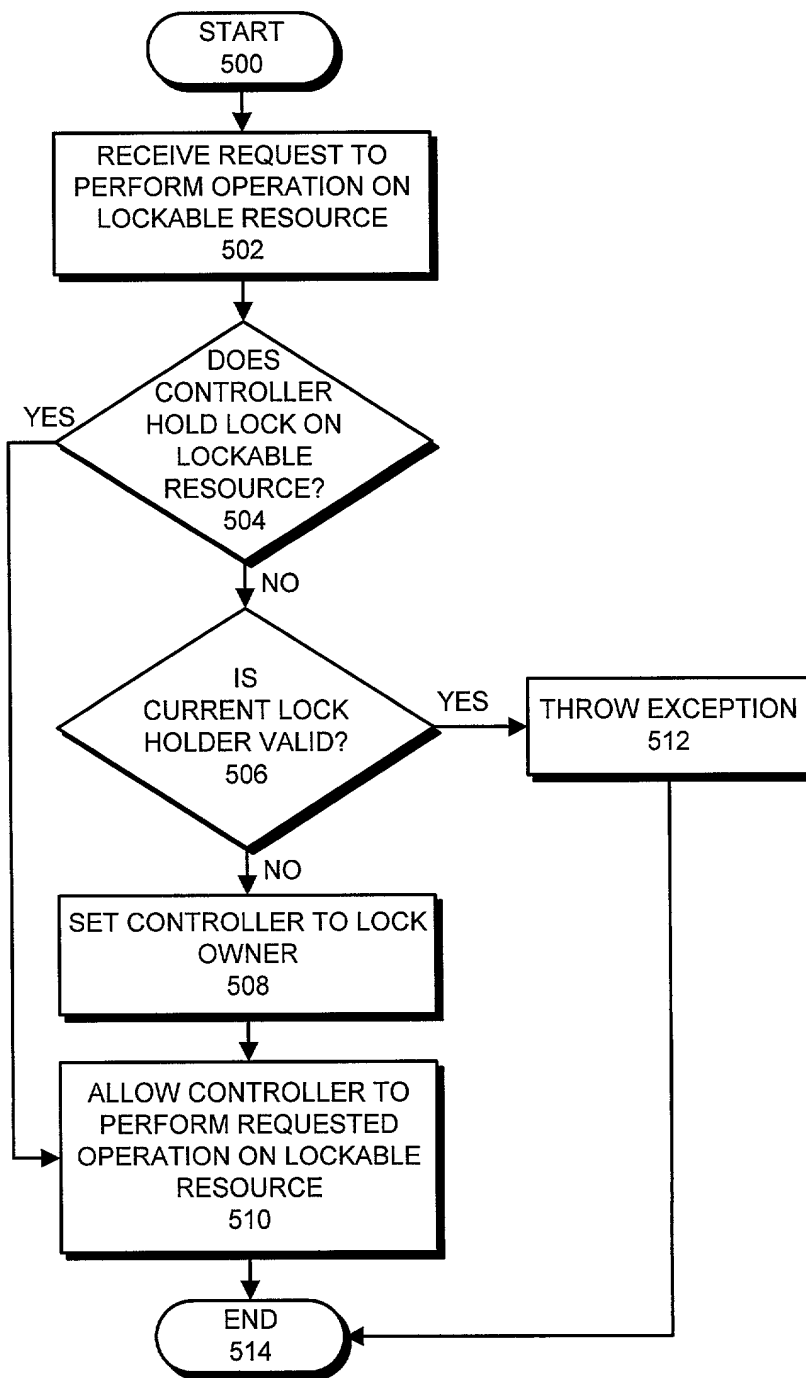


FIG. 5



**COMBINED DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY**

As a below-named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below by my name;

I believe I am the original, first and only inventor, if only one name is listed below, or an original, first and joint inventor if multiple names are listed below, of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

**METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR CONCURRENCY CONTROL IN A POLICY-BASED MANAGEMENT SYSTEM**

for which a patent application:

☐ is attached hereto.

☐ was filed in the United States on January 21, 2000 as Application No. \_\_\_\_\_;

☐ with amendment(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_ (if applicable).

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the application identified above, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information known to me to be material to the examination of this application in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56, which states in relevant part:

Each individual associated with the filing and prosecution of a patent application has a duty of candor and good faith in dealing with the Office, which includes a duty to disclose to the Office all information known to that individual to be material to patentability as defined in this section. . . The duty to disclose all information known to be material to patentability is deemed to be satisfied if all information known to be material to patentability of any claim issued in a patent was cited by the Office or submitted to the Office

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, §119(a)-(d), of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate as indicated below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate on this invention having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

EARLIEST FOREIGN APPLICATION(S), IF ANY, FILED PRIOR TO THE FILING DATE OF THE APPLICATION			
APPLICATION NUMBER	COUNTRY	DATE OF FILING (Day, Month, Year)	PRIORITY CLAIMED
			YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO <input type="checkbox"/>

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, §119(e), of any United States provisional application(s) listed below:

APPLICATION NUMBER	DATE OF FILING
60/165,552	November 15, 1999

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, §120, of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, §112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose information that is material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56, which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

APPLICATION NUMBER	DATE OF FILING	STATUS		
		PATENTED	PENDING	ABANDONED

I hereby appoint Daniel E. Vaughan (Reg. No. 42,199) and A. Richard Park (Reg. No. 41,241) to prosecute this application

and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith, and to file, prosecute and transact all business in connection with international applications directed to said invention.

Address correspondence to:  
**Park & Vaughan LLP**  
**508 Second Street, Suite 201**  
**Davis, CA 95616**



**22835**

PATENT TRADEMARK OFFICE

Direct telephone calls to:  
 A. Richard Park  
 (530) 759-1661



I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Title 18, United States Code, §1001, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

1	Name and Citizenship	William H. Connor	United States of America
	Residence Address	3730 Britting Avenue, Boulder, CO 80303	
	Postal Address (if different from Residence)		
	Signature and Date	<i>William H. Connor</i>	Date 12/20/99
2	Name and Citizenship		
	Residence Address		
	Postal Address (if different from Residence)		
	Signature and Date		Date
3	Name and Citizenship		
	Residence Address		
	Postal Address (if different from Residence)		
	Signature and Date		Date
4	Name and Citizenship		
	Residence Address		
	Postal Address (if different from Residence)		
	Signature and Date		Date
5	Name and Citizenship		
	Residence Address		
	Postal Address (if different from Residence)		
	Signature and Date		Date

Additional inventor name(s) and signature(s) attached?: YES ☐ NO ☒